

Tools for Better Mentoring: A Career Advancement Plan

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December 10, 2019

Opening Question

When is the last time you packed for a trip without knowing the destination?

How many of you have or use an individual development plan?



Objectives for Today

- Discuss the purpose and structure of an an IDP/Career Advancement Plan (CAP)
- Discuss goal-setting strategies and formulation of SMART goals
- Using a CAP to guide a mentoring relationship



Mentoring and Relationships

- How many of you are currently mentors?
- How many of you are someone's mentee?

- Goal setting, mentoring and career planning
 - Having clear goals makes it easier to get feedback from mentors about your career direction



Invaluable tool: The Career Advancement Plan

- Tool designed to aid in building a career and professional development roadmap
- Tailored to an individual's skills, interests, and values.
- Resource for initiating and sustaining discussions between mentees and mentors.
- When shared with a mentor and used as a tool for career progress, it is intended to develop mutual expectations of both mentees and mentors
- Provides structure for regularly occurring (every 6-12 months)
 career and professional discussions with mentors
- IT IS NOT meant to be rigid

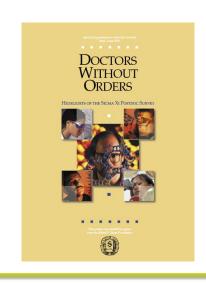


IDPs and Career Planning Work for Mentees and Mentors

Sigma Xi Survey

22,000 postdocs contacted

7600 postdocs responded



Postdocs with a written, structured plan:

More productive than those without a plan

submitted papers at a 23% higher rate

published at a 30% higher rate

submitted grants at a 25% higher rate

Fewer conflicts with PI

More satisfied



How can faculty use an IDP/Career Advancement Plan?

 Having "a plan" is equally valuable for faculty across all ranks

 Provides an opportunity to reflect on the steps required to achieve professional goals

 Used as a tool to guide discussion and get feedback from mentors, peers and even faculty/staff more junior than you



Example Goal on my Career Advancement Plan

Long Term Goal:

- Become an "expert" in recruiting for population studies
- 1. Produce a toolkit for researchers to use to develop recruitment strategies for enrolling traditionally underrepresented populations in research studies.
- Feedback from stakeholders of all ranks and titles is valuable
 - How does this position me at this institution?
 - Do my peers find this toolkit useful? What suggestions can they make to enhance the probability of success?
 - Do my staff think a toolkit would help us execute our studies? How do they suggest I make it useful?



Contemporary Goal Setting Theory

Feedback is key to effective goal completion

Goal setting is the most popular behavior change strategy

 The strength of goal setting is that it demands a focus on a clearly defined target, and demands movement towards that target within a specified time frame

- Feedback is the most important component
 - Feedback mechanisms are ideally both positive and negative, and continuous and intermittent.



SMART Goals

- ζ |
- Specific
- The 5 W's
- M
- Measurable
- Can I track progress
- Attainable/Achievable
- Is this a reasonable goal?
- R
- Relevant
- Is the goal worthwhile?
- Timebound/Timely
- What is the time limit for this objective?



My SMART Goal

Long Term Goal:

 Produce a toolkit for researchers to use to develop recruitment strategies for enrolling traditionally underrepresented populations in research studies.

SMART Goal:

 Within the next 12 months, I would like to conduct a survey in young adults to identify barriers to participation in research studies and publish 1 paper in a peer reviewed journal (preferably a methodology journal) and present my findings at the Society for Epidemiologic Research meeting



Specific

The 5 "Why" questions

- What do I want to accomplish?
- Why is this goal important?
- Who is involved?
- Where is it located?
- Which resources or limits are involved?

Tell me a specific goal



Measureable

Having measureable goals can help you stay motivated

- How much?
- How many?
- How will I know when it is accomplished?

Tell me a measurable goal



Achievable

- •How can I accomplish this goal?
- •How realistic is the goal, based on other constraints, responsibilities and roles?
- •Ensure that achieving the goal is within your control and not someone else's



Relevant and Realistic

- Does this seem worthwhile?
- •Is this the right time?
- •Do I have the skills needed to reach this goal?



Time-Bound

- •When?
- What can I do in the short-, medium- or longterm?
- What do I need to do today to achieve my goal?



Career Development Goal 1: What is Good? What is Missing?

- Career Development Goal
 - To give 2 invited presentations in the next year

- Strengths
 - Time-bound
 - Realistic
 - (semi) specific
- Areas for improvement
 - Lack of specificity on what presentations will be about and to whom?
 - Goal may not be
 achievable for reasons that
 are outside of my control



Career Development Goal 2: What is Good? What is Missing?

Goal

To earn an R01 on an intervention to reduce obesity in women postpartum

(My background: no prior NIH funding, but solid publication record, new to the institution)

- Strengths
 - Specific description of the topic
- Areas for improvement
 - Not sure it's achievable given my background
 - Not clear who mycollaborators are to makeit happen
 - No timeframe



Using the SMART goals to guide career development discussions

- With SMART goals on a CAP, meetings with mentors can focus on making goals as SMART as possible
- Together, mentors-mentees can identify resources to overcome barriers
- Regular review over time can ensure progress towards goals



Using a CAP as a mentor. . .

- Keep discussions timely and relevant:
 - Start early, re-visit at regular intervals
 - Coincide with pre-existing big-picture milestones & discussions
- Maintain flexibility as needed (format/process) while providing accountability for working towards goals
- Encourage mentees to share their IDP with others (co-mentors, peers, mentors outside the institution)
- Connect trainees and junior faculty to resources throughout the process



Conclusion

- A faculty professional development plan with review is going to be required of all regular track faculty this year
 - Faculty are required to state their goals and progress towards those goals on an annual basis
 - Chairs and chiefs will have to review these plans with all faculty
- Opportunity to jump start the habit of setting goals and reviewing them regularly
- NUCATS Center for Education and Career Development offers annual 3-hour mentor training workshops
- https://www.nucats.northwestern.edu/about/centers-and-
 programs/center-for-education-and-career-development.html



Fall 2019 Mentor Development Workshop Wednesday December 10, 2019

- Prentice Conference Room L
- 8am-11:30am
- Topics covered
 - Effective communications
 - Aligning Expectations
 - Professional Development

Acknowledgements to co-facilitators: Kenzie Cameron, Kelly Michelson, Leah Neubauer

